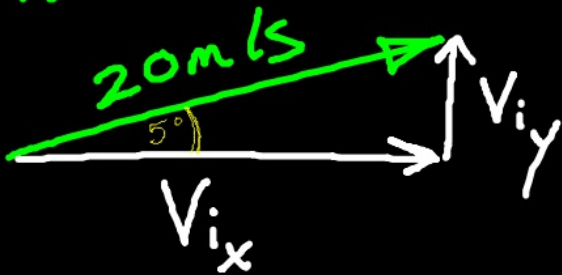


1. Antelope are the fastest animals in North America. They can leap from the ground at 20.0 m/s. If they are to leap at an angle of 5.0° above horizontal...

- a. How far do they travel? (What is their range (Δx)?)
- b. How high do they go?

Type II

1.



X

$$V_i = 19.92 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = 0$$

$$\Delta x = ?$$

Y

$$V_i = 1.74 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta y = 0$$

$$t = ? \quad \Delta y = V_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$0 = 1.74 t - 4.9 t^2$$

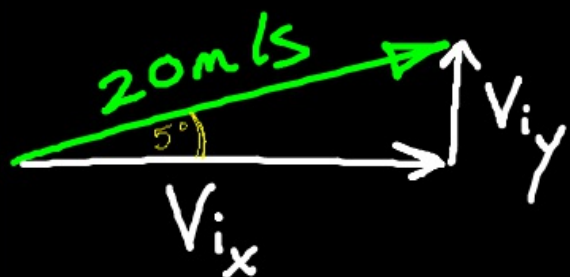
$$4.9 t = 1.74$$

$$t = 0.355 \text{ s}$$

$$\Delta x = V_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$= 19.92(0.355) + 0 = 7.07 \text{ m}$$

1 b)



$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{X} \\ V_i = 19.92 \text{ m/s} \\ a = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{Y} \\ V_i = 1.74 \text{ m/s} \\ a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ \Delta y = ? \\ V_z = 0 \end{array}$$

$$V_f^2 = V_o^2 + 2a(\Delta y)$$

$$0 = (1.74)^2 + 2(-9.8)(\Delta y)$$

$$\Delta y_{\text{up}} = 0.15 \text{ m}$$

c) $V_f = ?$ $V_f = 20 \text{ m/s}, -5^\circ$

You prove it!